

FORM PTO-1390 (Modified)  
(REV 11-98)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER

## TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES

DEX-0154

DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR

CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371

09/762027

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.

INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE

PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED

PCT/US99/16811

22 July 1999

4 August 1998

TITLE OF INVENTION

A Novel Method of Diagnosing, Monitoring, Staging, Imaging and Treating Breast Cancer

APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US

SUN, Yongming et al.

Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

1. ☒ This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
2. ☐ This is a **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
3. ☐ This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).
4. ☒ A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.
5. ☒ A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2))
  - a. ☐ is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
  - b. ☐ has been transmitted by the International Bureau.
  - c. ☒ is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
6. ☐ A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).
7. ☒ A copy of the International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210).
8. ☒ Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3))
  - a. ☐ are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
  - b. ☐ have been transmitted by the International Bureau.
  - c. ☐ have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
  - d. ☒ have not been made and will not be made.
9. ☐ A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).
10. ☒ An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)). - **Unexecuted**
11. ☒ A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPEA/409).
12. ☐ A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)).

## Items 13 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included:

13. ☒ An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
14. ☐ An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
15. ☐ A **FIRST** preliminary amendment.
16. ☐ A **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** preliminary amendment.
17. ☐ A substitute specification.
18. ☐ A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
19. ☐ Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail
20. ☒ Other items or information:

- 1) Courtesy copy of International Application
- 2) Executed Verified Statement Claiming Small Entity Status
- 3) Written Opinion
- 4) Return Post Card

"Express Mail" Label No. **EL722986085US**  
Date of Deposit **February 1, 2001**

I hereby certify that this paper is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10, on the date indicated above and is addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Box PCT, Washington, D.C. 20231.

By Deborah Ehret  
Typed Name: Deborah Ehret

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR

09/762027

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.

PCT/US99/16811

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER

DEX-0154

21. The following fees are submitted:

**BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5)) :**

- ☐ Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO ..... \$1,000.00
- ☒ International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO ..... \$860.00
- ☐ International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO ..... \$710.00
- ☐ International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) ..... \$690.00
- ☐ International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) ..... \$100.00

**ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =****CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY**

\$860.00

\$0.00

Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than ☐ 20 ☐ 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (e)).

CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE
Total claims	14 - 20 =	0	x \$18.00
Independent claims	7 - 3 =	4	x \$80.00

\$0.00

\$320.00

Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable). ☐

\$0.00

**TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =**

\$1,180.00

Reduction of 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Verified Small Entity Statement must also be filed (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28) (check if applicable). ☒

\$590.00

**SUBTOTAL =**

\$590.00

Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than ☐ 20 ☐ 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (f)).

\$0.00

**TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =**

\$590.00

Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31) (check if applicable). ☐

\$0.00

**TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =**

\$590.00

Amount to be:

refunded \$

charged \$

☐ A check in the amount of \_\_\_\_\_ to cover the above fees is enclosed.☒ **Credit Card Payment form for \$590.00 for filing fee**☐ Please charge my Deposit Account No. \_\_\_\_\_ in the amount of \_\_\_\_\_ to cover the above fees.

A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. **50-1619** A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.**NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.**

SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:

Jane Massey Licata, Reg. No. 32,257  
Kathleen A. Tyrrell, Reg. No. 38,350Licata & Tyrrell P.C.  
66 E. Main Street  
Marlton, New Jersey 08055  
Telephone: (856) 810-1515  
Facsimile : (856) 810-1454

SIGNATURE

TYRRELL, Kathleen A.

NAME

38,350

REGISTRATION NUMBER

1 February 2001

DATE

Rec'd PCT/PTO 06 AUG 2001

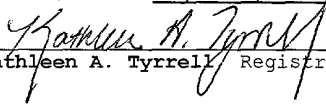
09/762027 #5

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Attorney Docket No.: DEX-0154  
Inventors: Sun et al.  
Serial No.: 09/762,027  
Filing Date: February 1, 2001  
Examiner: Not Yet Assigned  
Group Art Unit: Not Yet Assigned  
Title: A Novel Method of Diagnosing,  
Monitoring, Staging, Imaging and  
Treating Breast Cancer

I, Kathleen A. Tyrrell, Registration No. 38,350, certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the U.S. Postal Service as First Class mail in an envelope addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231.

On this date: August 6, 2001

  
Kathleen A. Tyrrell Registration No. 38,350

Assistant Commissioner for  
Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

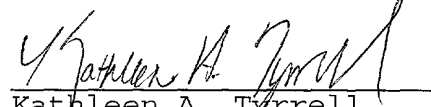
Dear Sir:

NOTIFICATION OF A CHANGE IN STATUS

Applicant hereby provides notification that the status

of the above-identified application is changed from Small Entity to Large Entity.

Respectfully submitted,



Kathleen A. Tyrrell  
Registration No. 38,350

Date: August 6, 2001

Licata & Tyrrell P.C.  
66 E. Main Street  
Marlton, New Jersey 08053

(856) 810-1515

0096937 08053  
T09080 42829460



IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Box SEQ

Attorney Docket No.: DEX-0154  
Inventors: Sun et al.  
Serial No.: 09/762,027  
Filing Date: February 1, 2001  
Examiner: Not yet assigned.  
Group Art Unit: Not yet assigned.  
Title: A Novel Method of Diagnosing,  
Monitoring, Staging, Imaging and  
Treating Breast Cancer

I, Kathleen A. Tyrrell, Registration No. 38,350, certify that this correspondence is being depositing with the U.S. Postal Service as First Class mail in an envelope addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231.

On this date: April 26, 2001

*Kathleen A. Tyrrell*  
Kathleen A. Tyrrell, Registration No. 38,350

**BOX SEQUENCE**

Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, DC 20231

Sir:

**RESPONSE TO NOTICE TO COMPLY WITH REQUIREMENTS  
FOR PATENT APPLICATIONS CONTAINING NUCLEOTIDE  
SEQUENCE AND/OR AMINO ACID SEQUENCE DISCLOSURE**

In response to the "Notice to Comply With Requirements for Patent Applications Containing Nucleotide Sequence and/or Amino Acid Sequence Disclosures" which was dated **March 29, 2001**, a response to which is due **April 29, 2001**, enclosed herewith is:

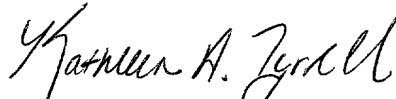
( ) Amendment under 1.825;

(XX) Statement to Support Filing and Submission in Accordance with 37 CFR §§1.821 through 1.825;

- ( ) Substitute pages of the Sequence Listing;
- (XX) Substitute copy of the computer readable form of amended Sequence Listing;
- (XX) Copy of Notice to Comply With Requirements for Patent Applications Containing Nucleotide Sequence and/or Amino Acid Sequence Disclosures;
- ( ) Petition for Three (3) Month Extension of Time;
- ( ) Other: \_\_\_\_\_.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any underpayment associated with this communication or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 50-1619. This sheet is attached in duplicate.

Respectfully submitted,



Kathleen A. Tyrrell  
Registration No. 38,350

Date: April 26, 2001

Licata & Tyrrell P.C.  
66 E. Main Street  
Marlton, New Jersey 08053

(856) 810-1515

Re-run



PCT

## RAW SEQUENCE LISTING

PATENT APPLICATION: US/09/762,027

DATE: 05/08/2002

TIME: 10:46:52

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Output Set: N:\CRF3\05082002\I762027.raw

1 <110> APPLICANT: Salceda, Susana  
 2 Sun, Yongming  
 3 Recipon, Herve  
 4 DIADEXUS LLC  
 5 <120> TITLE OF INVENTION: A NOVEL METHOD OF DIAGNOSING, MONITORING, STAGING ,  
 6 IMAGING AND TREATING BREAST CANCER  
 7 <130> FILE REFERENCE: DEX-0040  
 8 <140> CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/762,027  
 9 <141> CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-02-01  
 10 <150> PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/095,232  
 11 <151> PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-08-04  
 12 <160> NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 9  
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ENTERED

## RAW SEQUENCE LISTING

DATE: 05/08/2002

PATENT APPLICATION: US/09/762,027

TIME: 10:46:52

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 69 tagcagaaag agggccataa aatacatggg gcaagctgaa tatatottag gcaaaagaag 960  
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 87 gggagagcat gctcaggttt ccccagctct acaaaatcac ccagaatgcc aaagacttca 600  
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## RAW SEQUENCE LISTING

PATENT APPLICATION: US/09/762,027

DATE: 05/08/2002

TIME: 10:46:52

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Output Set: N:\CRF3\05082002\I762027.raw

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126      gttatgtgag aactgtcctt aggcactgtg ggataacaac agcaaacact tcacacaaca 180
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## RAW SEQUENCE LISTING

PATENT APPLICATION: US/09/762,027

DATE: 05/08/2002

TIME: 10:46:52

Input Set : N:\paola\US09762027.raw

Output Set: N:\CRF3\05082002\I762027.raw

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196      cggatgtcag gagccccgg cgccctgccc cgatcccagc agggagatca gccctaata 900
W--> 197      tgctgtgtcc atgatgcttt taatnaaaaa aacccccact gca                                     943

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## RAW SEQUENCE LISTING

PATENT APPLICATION: US/09/762,027

DATE: 05/08/2002

TIME: 10:46:52

Input Set : N:\paola\US09762027.raw

Output Set: N:\CRF3\05082002\I762027.raw

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201 <212> TYPE: DNA
202 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
203 <220> FEATURE:
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205 <222> LOCATION: (48)
206 <221> NAME/KEY: unsure
207 <222> LOCATION: (110)
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      209 <222> LOCATION: (192)
W--> 210 <221> unsure
      211 <222> LOCATION: (205)
W--> 212 <221> unsure
      213 <222> LOCATION: (218)
W--> 214 <400> 8
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      217      tgaatagatt gtgtgcccatt tttctcttgg ggtatttcagt tttttattac tgatgtgagc 180
W--> 218      atgtgtatgg gngattattt gatgntttatc agttttgntt agtagactgg caatattttag 240
      219      tcttgctgt                                     249
221 <210> SEQ ID NO: 9
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223 <212> TYPE: DNA
224 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
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229      ccaggaaggt gtccccagtg aaggtgacag ccctgggcgg tgggaagttg gaagccaagt 240
230      tcaccttcac gagggaggat cggtgcatcc agaagaaaat cctgatgcgg aagacggagg 300
231      agcctggcaa atacagcgcc tatgggggca ggaagctcat gtacctgcag gagctgcccc 360
232      ggagggacca ctacatcttt tactgcaaag accagcacca tggggggcctg ctccacatgg 420
233      gaaagcttgt gggtaggaat tctgatacca accgggaggc cctggaagaa tttaagaaat 480
234      tgggtgcagcg caagggactc tcggaggagg acattttcac gcccctgcag acgggaagct 540
235      gcgttcccga aactaggca gccccgggt ctgcacctcc agagcccacc ctaccaccag 600
236      acacagagcc cggaccacct ggacctaccc tccagccatg acccttccct gctcccaccc 660
237      acctgactcc aaataaagtc cttctccccc                                     690

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## RAW SEQUENCE LISTING ERROR SUMMARY

DATE: 05/08/2002

PATENT APPLICATION: US/09/762,027

TIME: 10:46:53

Input Set : N:\paola\US09762027.raw

Output Set: N:\CRF3\05082002\I762027.raw

Please Note:

Use of n and/or Xaa have been detected in the Sequence Listing. Please review the Sequence Listing to ensure that a corresponding explanation is presented in the <220> to <223> fields of each sequence which presents at least one n or Xaa.

Seq#:1; N Pos. 505,506,510,521,527,528,531,534,535,540,541  
Seq#:2; N Pos. 729,730,731,732,733,734,735,736,737,738,739,740,741,742,743  
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Seq#:2; N Pos. 774,775,776,777,778,779,780,781,782,783,784,785,786,787,788  
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Seq#:2; N Pos. 804,805,806,807,808,809,810,811,812,813  
Seq#:4; N Pos. 378,385  
Seq#:5; N Pos. 327,352,369,850,851,852,853,854,855,856,857,858,859,860,861  
Seq#:5; N Pos. 862,863,864,865,866,867,868,869,870,871,872,873,874,875,876  
Seq#:5; N Pos. 877,878,879,880,1220  
Seq#:6; N Pos. 181,201,205,238,241,242,250  
Seq#:7; N Pos. 128,130,925  
Seq#:8; N Pos. 48,110,192,205,218

## VERIFICATION SUMMARY

PATENT APPLICATION: US/09/762,027

DATE: 05/08/2002

TIME: 10:46:53

Input Set : N:\paola\US09762027.raw

Output Set: N:\CRF3\05082002\I762027.raw

L:24 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:1  
L:26 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:1  
L:28 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:1  
L:30 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:1  
L:32 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:1  
L:34 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:1  
L:43 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <223> not found for SEQ ID#:1  
L:43 M:341 W: (46) "n" or "Xaa" used, for SEQ ID#:1 after pos.:480  
L:44 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <223> not found for SEQ ID#:1  
L:44 M:341 W: (46) "n" or "Xaa" used, for SEQ ID#:1 after pos.:540  
L:66 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <223> not found for SEQ ID#:2  
L:66 M:341 W: (46) "n" or "Xaa" used, for SEQ ID#:2 after pos.:720  
L:67 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <223> not found for SEQ ID#:2  
L:67 M:341 W: (46) "n" or "Xaa" used, for SEQ ID#:2 after pos.:780  
L:99 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:4  
L:106 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <223> not found for SEQ ID#:4  
L:106 M:341 W: (46) "n" or "Xaa" used, for SEQ ID#:4 after pos.:360  
L:117 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:5  
L:119 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:5  
L:121 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:5  
L:123 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:5  
L:129 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <223> not found for SEQ ID#:5  
L:129 M:341 W: (46) "n" or "Xaa" used, for SEQ ID#:5 after pos.:300  
L:130 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <223> not found for SEQ ID#:5  
L:130 M:341 W: (46) "n" or "Xaa" used, for SEQ ID#:5 after pos.:360  
L:138 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <223> not found for SEQ ID#:5  
L:138 M:341 W: (46) "n" or "Xaa" used, for SEQ ID#:5 after pos.:840  
L:144 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <223> not found for SEQ ID#:5  
L:144 M:341 W: (46) "n" or "Xaa" used, for SEQ ID#:5 after pos.:1200  
L:155 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:6  
L:157 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:6  
L:159 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:6  
L:161 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:6  
L:163 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:6  
L:167 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <223> not found for SEQ ID#:6  
L:167 M:341 W: (46) "n" or "Xaa" used, for SEQ ID#:6 after pos.:180  
L:168 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <223> not found for SEQ ID#:6  
L:168 M:341 W: (46) "n" or "Xaa" used, for SEQ ID#:6 after pos.:240  
L:179 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:7  
L:181 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:7  
L:184 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <223> not found for SEQ ID#:7  
L:184 M:341 W: (46) "n" or "Xaa" used, for SEQ ID#:7 after pos.:120  
L:197 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <223> not found for SEQ ID#:7  
L:197 M:341 W: (46) "n" or "Xaa" used, for SEQ ID#:7 after pos.:900  
L:208 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:8  
L:210 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:8  
L:212 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:8  
L:214 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <220> not found for SEQ ID#:8

## VERIFICATION SUMMARY

DATE: 05/08/2002

PATENT APPLICATION: US/09/762,027

TIME: 10:46:53

Input Set : N:\paola\US09762027.raw

Output Set: N:\CRF3\05082002\I762027.raw

L:215 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <223> not found for SEQ ID#:8  
L:215 M:341 W: (46) "n" or "Xaa" used, for SEQ ID#:8 after pos.:0  
L:216 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <223> not found for SEQ ID#:8  
L:216 M:341 W: (46) "n" or "Xaa" used, for SEQ ID#:8 after pos.:60  
L:218 M:258 W: Mandatory Feature missing, <223> not found for SEQ ID#:8  
L:218 M:341 W: (46) "n" or "Xaa" used, for SEQ ID#:8 after pos.:180

05082002\I762027.raw

## SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> Sun, Yongming  
Recipon, Herve  
Cafferkey, Robert  
DIADEXUS LLC

<120> A NOVEL METHOD OF DIAGNOSING, MONITORING, STAGING ,  
IMAGING AND TREATING BREAST CANCER

<130> DEX-0040

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<150> 60/095,232  
<151> 1998-08-04

<160> 9

<170> PatentIn Ver. 2.0

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 caatggagat ggaggaagga gacagaaaga aacagagccc agaccctagg gaccaccagc 300  
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 gattggcatc acatggtggt ttgagctgat acacccaaca cttgagctca ctgcaacagt 480  
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 gcttaacagt gacaacgtga gtcagttgaa ttttattgtg tttcagtcct tagagtatta 180  
 gctaacagaa acctttccat tgccatactg agaaactggc agcaggcagt gtgcctacag 240  
 gtctacaaaag aaacttcaga tcatcttctt gagggaaaga agctgaagtg ctacataaga 300  
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&lt;221&gt; unsure

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&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

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&lt;221&gt; unsure

&lt;222&gt; (201)

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; unsure

&lt;222&gt; (205)

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&lt;221&gt; unsure

&lt;222&gt; (238)

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ccattgcctc cagctgttgc acggagggtt cacatcatat ttccagaagg ctcttgaaa 180  
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&lt;211&gt; 943

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&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

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atgtgtatgg gngattattt gatgnttatc agttttgntt agtagactgg caatatttag 240
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&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 9

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gaaagcttgt gggtaggaat tctgatacca accgggaggc cctggaagaa ttttaagaaat 480  
tgggtgcagcg caagggactc tcggaggagg acattttcac gcccctgcag acgggaagct 540  
gcgttcccga aactaggca gccccgggt ctgcacctcc agagcccacc ctaccaccag 600  
acacagagcc cggaccacct ggacctaccc tccagccatg acccttcctt gctcccaccc 660  
acctgactcc aaataaagtc cttctcccc 690

A NOVEL METHOD OF DIAGNOSING,  
MONITORING, STAGING, IMAGING AND TREATING BREAST CANCER

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates, in part, to newly developed  
5 assays for detecting, diagnosing, monitoring, staging,  
prognosticating, imaging and treating cancers, particularly  
breast cancer.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 One of every nine American women will develop breast  
cancer sometime during her life based on a lifespan of 85  
years. Annually, over 180,000 women in the United States will  
be diagnosed with breast cancer and approximately 46,000 will  
die of the disease.

15 Every woman is at risk for breast cancer. A woman's  
chances of developing breast cancer increase as she grows  
older; 80 percent of all cancers are found in women over the  
age of 50. There are also several risk factors that can  
increase a woman's chances of developing cancer. A woman may  
20 be at increased risk if she has a family history of the  
disease, if she had her first child after the age of 30 or has  
no children, or if she began menstruating early.

However, more than 70 percent of women who develop  
breast cancer have no known risk factors. Less than 10 percent  
25 of breast cancer cases are thought to be related to the BRCA1  
gene discovered in 1994. Researchers are now investigating  
the role other factors such as nutrition, alcohol, exercise,  
smoking, and oral contraceptives may play in cancer  
prevention.

30 As with many other cancers, the best chance for  
successful treatment occurs when breast cancer is found early.

- 2 -

Mammograms, special x-rays of the breast, can detect more than 90 percent of all breast cancers. If breast cancer is found early, the chance of cure is greater than 90 percent. Treatment options include surgery, chemotherapy, and radiation  
5 therapy depending on the stage of the cancer.

Procedures used for detecting, diagnosing, monitoring, staging, prognosticating and imaging breast cancer are of critical importance to the outcome of the patient. Patients diagnosed with early breast cancer generally have a much  
10 greater five-year survival rate as compared to the survival rate for patients diagnosed with distant metastasized breast cancer. New diagnostic methods which are more sensitive and specific for detecting early breast cancer are clearly needed.

Breast cancer patients are closely monitored following  
15 initial therapy and during adjuvant therapy to determine response to therapy and to detect persistent or recurrent disease of metastasis. There is clearly a need for a breast cancer marker which is more sensitive and specific in detecting breast cancer and its recurrence and progression.

20 Another important step in managing breast cancer is to determine the stage of the patient's disease. Stage determination has potential prognostic value and provides criteria for designing optimal therapy. Generally, pathological staging of breast cancer is preferable over  
25 clinical staging because the former gives a more accurate prognosis. However, clinical staging would be preferred were it at least as accurate as pathological staging because it does not depend on an invasive procedure to obtain tissue for pathological evaluation. Staging of breast cancer would be  
30 improved by detecting new markers in cells, tissues, or bodily fluids which could differentiate between different stages of invasion.

In the present invention methods are provided for detecting, diagnosing, monitoring, staging, prognosticating,  
35 imaging and treating breast cancer via 9 Breast Specific Genes

(BSGs). The 9 BSGs refer, among other things, to native proteins expressed by the genes comprising the polynucleotide sequences of any of SEQ ID NO: 1-9. In the alternative, what is meant by the 9 BSGs as used herein, means the native mRNAs  
5 encoded by the genes comprising any of the polynucleotide sequences of SEQ ID NO: 1-9 or it can refer to the actual genes comprising any of the polynucleotide sequences of SEQ ID NO: 1-9.

Other objects, features, advantages and aspects of the  
10 present invention will become apparent to those of skill in the art from the following description. It should be understood, however, that the following description and the specific examples, while indicating preferred embodiments of the invention, are given by way of illustration only. Various  
15 changes and modifications within the spirit and scope of the disclosed invention will become readily apparent to those skilled in the art from reading the following description and from reading the other parts of the present disclosure.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

20 Toward these ends, and others, it is an object of the present invention to provide a method for diagnosing the presence of breast cancer by analyzing for changes in levels of BSG in cells, tissues or bodily fluids compared with levels of BSG in preferably the same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid  
25 type of a normal human control, wherein a change in levels of BSG in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with breast cancer.

Further provided is a method of diagnosing metastatic breast cancer in a patient having such cancer which is not  
30 known to have metastasized by identifying a human patient suspected of having breast cancer that has metastasized; analyzing a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from such patient for BSG; comparing the BSG levels in such cells, tissues, or bodily fluid with levels of BSG in preferably the



same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control, wherein a change in BSG levels in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with a cancer which has metastasized.

5       Also provided by the invention is a method of staging breast cancer in a human which has such cancer by identifying a human patient having such cancer; analyzing a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from such patient for BSG; comparing BSG levels in such cells, tissues, or bodily fluid  
10 with levels of BSG in preferably the same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control sample, wherein a change in BSG levels in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with a cancer which is progressing or regressing or in remission.

15       Further provided is a method of monitoring breast cancer in a human having such cancer for the onset of metastasis. The method comprises identifying a human patient having such cancer that is not known to have metastasized; periodically analyzing a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from  
20 such patient for BSG; comparing the BSG levels in such cells, tissue, or bodily fluid with levels of BSG in preferably the same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control sample, wherein a change in BSG levels in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with a cancer  
25 which has metastasized.

Further provided is a method of monitoring the change in stage of breast cancer in a human having such cancer by looking at levels of BSG in a human having such cancer. The method comprises identifying a human patient having such  
30 cancer; periodically analyzing a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from such patient for BSG; comparing the BSG levels in such cells, tissue, or bodily fluid with levels of BSG in preferably the same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control sample, wherein a change in BSG  
35 levels in the patient versus the normal human control is

- 5 -

associated with a cancer which is progressing or regressing or in remission.

Further provided are antibodies against the BSGs or fragments of such antibodies which can be used to detect or image localization of the BSGs in a patient for the purpose of detecting or diagnosing a disease or condition. Such antibodies can be polyclonal or monoclonal, or prepared by molecular biology techniques. The term "antibody", as used herein and throughout the instant specification is also meant to include aptamers and single-stranded oligonucleotides such as those derived from an *in vitro* evolution protocol referred to as SELEX and well known to those skilled in the art. Antibodies can be labeled with a variety of detectable labels including, but not limited to, radioisotopes and paramagnetic metals. These antibodies or fragments thereof can also be used as therapeutic agents in the treatment of diseases characterized by expression of a BSG. In therapeutic applications, the antibody can be used without or with derivatization to a cytotoxic agent such as a radioisotope, enzyme, toxin, drug or a prodrug.

Other objects, features, advantages and aspects of the present invention will become apparent to those of skill in the art from the following description. It should be understood, however, that the following description and the specific examples, while indicating preferred embodiments of the invention, are given by way of illustration only. Various changes and modifications within the spirit and scope of the disclosed invention will become readily apparent to those skilled in the art from reading the following description and from reading the other parts of the present disclosure.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to diagnostic assays and methods, both quantitative and qualitative for detecting, diagnosing, monitoring, staging, prognosticating and imaging

cancers by comparing levels of BSG with those of BSG in a normal human control. What is meant by levels of BSG as used herein, means levels of the native protein expressed by the genes comprising the polynucleotide sequence of any of SEQ ID NO: 1-9. In the alternative, what is meant by levels of BSG as used herein, means levels of the native mRNA encoded by any of the genes comprising any of the polynucleotide sequences of SEQ ID NO: 1-9 or levels of the gene comprising any of the polynucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-9. Such levels are preferably measured in at least one of, cells, tissues and/or bodily fluids, including determination of normal and abnormal levels. Thus, for instance, a diagnostic assay in accordance with the invention for measuring changes in levels of any one of the BSG proteins compared to normal control bodily fluids, cells, or tissue samples may be used to diagnose the presence of cancers, including breast cancer. By "change" it is meant either an increase or decrease in levels of the BSG. For example, for BSGs such as Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2), Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) and Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3), an increase in levels as compared to normal human controls is associated with breast cancer, metastasis and progression of the cancer, while a decrease in levels is association with regression and/or remission. For the BSG Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1), a decrease in levels as compared to normal human controls is associated with breast cancer, metastasis and progression while an increase is associated with regression and/or remission. Any of the 9 BSGs may be measured alone in the methods of the invention, or all together or any combination of the nine.

All the methods of the present invention may optionally include measuring the levels of other cancer markers as well as BSG. Other cancer markers, in addition to BSG, such as BRCA1 are known to those of skill in the art.

*Diagnostic Assays*

The present invention provides methods for diagnosing the presence of breast cancer by analyzing for changes in levels of BSG in cells, tissues or bodily fluids compared with  
5 levels of BSG in cells, tissues or bodily fluids of preferably the same type from a normal human control. As demonstrated herein an increase in levels of BSGs such as Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2), Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) or Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with the  
10 presence of breast cancer, while a decrease in levels of BSGs such as Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1) in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with the presence of breast cancer.

Without limiting the instant invention, typically, for  
15 a quantitative diagnostic assay a positive result indicating the patient being tested has cancer is one in which cells, tissues, or bodily fluid levels of the cancer marker, such as BSG, are at least two times higher or lower, and most preferably are at least five times higher or lower, than in  
20 preferably the same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid of a normal human control.

The present invention also provides a method of diagnosing metastatic breast cancer in a patient having breast cancer which has not yet metastasized for the onset of  
25 metastasis. In the method of the present invention, a human cancer patient suspected of having breast cancer which may have metastasized (but which was not previously known to have metastasized) is identified. This is accomplished by a variety of means known to those of skill in the art. For  
30 example, in the case of breast cancer, patients are typically diagnosed with breast cancer following traditional detection methods.

In the present invention, determining the presence of BSG level in cells, tissues, or bodily fluid, is particularly  
35 useful for discriminating between breast cancer which has not

- 8 -

metastasized and breast cancer which has metastasized. Existing techniques have difficulty discriminating between breast cancer which has metastasized and breast cancer which has not metastasized and proper treatment selection is often  
5 dependent upon such knowledge.

In the present invention, the cancer marker levels measured in such cells, tissues, or bodily fluid is BSG, and are compared with levels of BSG in preferably the same cells, tissue, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control. That  
10 is, if the cancer marker being observed is just BSG in serum, this level is preferably compared with the level of BSG in serum of a normal human patient. An increase in BSGs such as Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2), Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) or Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) in the patient versus the normal human control is  
15 associated with breast cancer which has metastasized while a decrease in BSGs such as Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1) in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with breast cancer which has metastasized.

Without limiting the instant invention, typically, for  
20 a quantitative diagnostic assay a positive result indicating the cancer in the patient being tested or monitored has metastasized is one in which cells, tissues, or bodily fluid levels of the cancer marker, such as BSG, are at least two times higher or lower, and most preferably are at least five  
25 times higher or lower, than in preferably the same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid of a normal patient.

Normal human control as used herein includes a human patient without cancer and/or non cancerous samples from the patient; in the methods for diagnosing or monitoring for  
30 metastasis, normal human control preferably comprises samples from a human patient that is determined by reliable methods to have breast cancer which has not metastasized, such as earlier samples of the same patient.

**Staging**

The invention also provides a method of staging breast cancer in a human patient.

The method comprises identifying a human patient having  
5 such cancer; analyzing a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily  
fluid from such patient for BSG. Then, the method compares  
BSG levels in such cells, tissues, or bodily fluid with levels  
of BSG in preferably the same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid  
type of a normal human control sample, wherein an increase in  
10 levels of BSGs such as Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2), Mam004 (SEQ ID  
NO:4) or Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) or a decrease in levels of BSGs  
such as Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1) in the patient versus the normal  
human control is associated with a cancer which is progressing  
and a decrease in levels of BSGs such as Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2),  
15 Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) or Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) or an increase  
in levels of BSGs such as Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1) is associated  
with a cancer which is regressing or in remission.

**Monitoring**

20 Further provided is a method of monitoring breast cancer  
in a human having such cancer for the onset of metastasis.  
The method comprises identifying a human patient having such  
cancer that is not known to have metastasized; periodically  
analyzing a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from  
25 such patient for BSG; comparing the BSG levels in such cells,  
tissue, or bodily fluid with levels of BSG in preferably the  
same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human  
control sample, wherein an increase in levels of BSGs such as  
Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2), Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) or Mam005 (SEQ ID  
30 NO:3) or a decrease in levels of BSGs such as Mam002 (SEQ ID  
NO:1) in the patient versus the normal human control is  
associated with a cancer which has metastasized.

Further provided by this invention is a method of  
monitoring the change in stage of breast cancer in a human  
35 having such cancer. The method comprises identifying a human

- 10 -

patient having such cancer; periodically analyzing a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from such patient for BSG; comparing the BSG levels in such cells, tissue, or bodily fluid with levels of BSG in preferably the same cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control sample, wherein an increase in levels of BSGs such as Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2), Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) or Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) or a decrease in levels of BSGs such as Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1) in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with a cancer which is progressing in stage and a decrease in the levels of BSGs such as Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2), Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) or Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) or an increase in levels of BSGs such as Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1) is associated with a cancer which is regressing in stage or in remission.

Monitoring such patient for onset of metastasis is periodic and preferably done on a quarterly basis. However, this may be more or less frequent depending on the cancer, the particular patient, and the stage of the cancer.

#### ***Assay Techniques***

Assay techniques that can be used to determine levels of gene expression, such as BSG of the present invention, in a sample derived from a host are well-known to those of skill in the art. Such assay methods include radioimmunoassays, reverse transcriptase PCR (RT-PCR) assays, immunohistochemistry assays, *in situ* hybridization assays, competitive-binding assays, Western Blot analyses, ELISA assays and proteomic approaches. Among these, ELISAs are frequently preferred to diagnose a gene's expressed protein in biological fluids.

An ELISA assay initially comprises preparing an antibody, if not readily available from a commercial source, specific to BSG, preferably a monoclonal antibody. In addition a reporter antibody generally is prepared which binds specifically to BSG. The reporter antibody is attached to a

- 11 -

detectable reagent such as radioactive, fluorescent or enzymatic reagent, for example horseradish peroxidase enzyme or alkaline phosphatase.

To carry out the ELISA, antibody specific to BSG is  
5 incubated on a solid support, e.g. a polystyrene dish, that binds the antibody. Any free protein binding sites on the dish are then covered by incubating with a non-specific protein such as bovine serum albumin. Next, the sample to be analyzed is incubated in the dish, during which time BSG binds  
10 to the specific antibody attached to the polystyrene dish. Unbound sample is washed out with buffer. A reporter antibody specifically directed to BSG and linked to horseradish peroxidase is placed in the dish resulting in binding of the reporter antibody to any monoclonal antibody bound to BSG.  
15 Unattached reporter antibody is then washed out. Reagents for peroxidase activity, including a colorimetric substrate are then added to the dish. Immobilized peroxidase, linked to BSG antibodies, produces a colored reaction product. The amount of color developed in a given time period is proportional to  
20 the amount of BSG protein present in the sample. Quantitative results typically are obtained by reference to a standard curve.

A competition assay may be employed wherein antibodies specific to BSG attached to a solid support and labeled BSG  
25 and a sample derived from the host are passed over the solid support and the amount of label detected attached to the solid support can be correlated to a quantity of BSG in the sample.

Nucleic acid methods may be used to detect BSG mRNA as a marker for breast cancer. Polymerase chain reaction (PCR)  
30 and other nucleic acid methods, such as ligase chain reaction (LCR) and nucleic acid sequence based amplification (NASABA), can be used to detect malignant cells for diagnosis and monitoring of various malignancies. For example, reverse-transcriptase PCR (RT-PCR) is a powerful technique which can  
35 be used to detect the presence of a specific mRNA population



- 12 -

in a complex mixture of thousands of other mRNA species. In RT-PCR, an mRNA species is first reverse transcribed to complementary DNA (cDNA) with use of the enzyme reverse transcriptase; the cDNA is then amplified as in a standard PCR  
5 reaction. RT-PCR can thus reveal by amplification the presence of a single species of mRNA. Accordingly, if the mRNA is highly specific for the cell that produces it, RT-PCR can be used to identify the presence of a specific type of cell.

10 Hybridization to clones or oligonucleotides arrayed on a solid support (i.e., gridding) can be used to both detect the expression of and quantitate the level of expression of that gene. In this approach, a cDNA encoding the BSG gene is fixed to a substrate. The substrate may be of any suitable  
15 type including but not limited to glass, nitrocellulose, nylon or plastic. At least a portion of the DNA encoding the BSG gene is attached to the substrate and then incubated with the analyte, which may be RNA or a complementary DNA (cDNA) copy of the RNA, isolated from the tissue of interest.  
20 Hybridization between the substrate bound DNA and the analyte can be detected and quantitated by several means including but not limited to radioactive labeling or fluorescence labeling of the analyte or a secondary molecule designed to detect the hybrid. Quantitation of the level of gene expression can be  
25 done by comparison of the intensity of the signal from the analyte compared with that determined from known standards. The standards can be obtained by *in vitro* transcription of the target gene, quantitating the yield, and then using that material to generate a standard curve.

30 Of the proteomic approaches, 2D electrophoresis is a technique well known to those in the art. Isolation of individual proteins from a sample such as serum is accomplished using sequential separation of proteins by different characteristics usually on polyacrylamide gels.  
35 First, proteins are separated by size using an electric

current. The current acts uniformly on all proteins, so smaller proteins move farther on the gel than larger proteins. The second dimension applies a current perpendicular to the first and separates proteins not on the basis of size but on the specific electric charge carried by each protein. Since no two proteins with different sequences are identical on the basis of both size and charge, the result of a 2D separation is a square gel in which each protein occupies a unique spot. Analysis of the spots with chemical or antibody probes, or subsequent protein microsequencing can reveal the relative abundance of a given protein and the identity of the proteins in the sample.

The above tests can be carried out on samples derived from a variety of patients' cells, bodily fluids and/or tissue extracts (homogenates or solubilized tissue) such as from tissue biopsy and autopsy material. Bodily fluids useful in the present invention include blood, urine, saliva, or any other bodily secretion or derivative thereof. Blood can include whole blood, plasma, serum, or any derivative of blood.

#### ***In Vivo Antibody Use***

Antibodies against BSGs can also be used *in vivo* in patients with disease of the breast. Specifically, antibodies against a BSG can be injected into a patient suspected of having a disease of the breast for diagnostic and/or therapeutic purposes. The use of antibodies for *in vivo* diagnosis is well known in the art. For example, antibody-chelators labeled with Indium-111 have been described for use in the radioimmunoscentographic imaging of carcinoembryonic antigen expressing tumors (Sumerdon et al. Nucl. Med. Biol. 1990 17:247-254). In particular, these antibody-chelators have been used in detecting tumors in patients suspected of having recurrent colorectal cancer (Griffin et al. J. Clin. Onc. 1991 9:631-640). Antibodies with paramagnetic ions as

- 14 -

labels for use in magnetic resonance imaging have also been described (Lauffer, R.B. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine 1991 22:339-342). Antibodies directed against BSGs can be used in a similar manner. Labeled antibodies against a BSG can be  
5 injected into patients suspected of having a disease of the breast such as breast cancer for the purpose of diagnosing or staging of the disease status of the patient. The label used will be selected in accordance with the imaging modality to be used. For example, radioactive labels such as Indium-111,  
10 Technetium-99m or Iodine-131 can be used for planar scans or single photon emission computed tomography (SPECT). Positron emitting labels such as Fluorine-19 can be used in positron emission tomography. Paramagnetic ions such as Gadolinium (III) or Manganese (II) can be used in magnetic resonance imaging  
15 (MRI). Localization of the label within the breast or external to the breast permits determination of the spread of the disease. The amount of label within the breast also allows determination of the presence or absence of cancer in the breast.

20 For patients diagnosed with breast cancer, injection of an antibody against a BSG can also have a therapeutic benefit. The antibody may exert its therapeutic effect alone. Alternatively, the antibody is conjugated to a cytotoxic agent such as a drug, toxin or radionuclide to enhance its  
25 therapeutic effect. Drug monoclonal antibodies have been described in the art for example by Garnett and Baldwin, *Cancer Research* 1986 46:2407-2412. The use of toxins conjugated to monoclonal antibodies for the therapy of various cancers has also been described by Pastan et al. *Cell* 1986  
30 47:641-648). Yttrium-90 labeled monoclonal antibodies have been described for maximization of dose delivered to the tumor while limiting toxicity to normal tissues (Goodwin and Meares *Cancer Supplement* 1997 80:2675-2680). Other cytotoxic radionuclides including, but not limited to Copper-67, Iodine-

- 15 -

131 and Rhenium-186 can also be used for labeling of antibodies against BSGs.

Antibodies which can be used in these *in vivo* methods include both polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies and 5 antibodies prepared via molecular biology techniques. Antibody fragments and aptamers and single-stranded oligonucleotides such as those derived from an *in vitro* evolution protocol referred to as SELEX and well known to those skilled in the art can also be used.

## 10 EXAMPLES

The present invention is further described by the following examples. The examples are provided solely to illustrate the invention by reference to specific embodiments. These exemplifications, while illustrating certain specific 15 aspects of the invention, do not portray the limitations or circumscribe the scope of the disclosed invention.

### Example 1

Identification of BSGs were carried out by a systematic analysis of data in the LIFESEQ database available from Incyte 20 Pharmaceuticals, Palo Alto, CA, using the data mining Cancer Leads Automatic Search Package (CLASP) developed by diaDexus LLC, Santa Clara, CA.

The CLASP performs the following steps:

Selection of highly expressed organ specific genes based 25 on the abundance level of the corresponding EST in the targeted organ versus all the other organs.

Analysis of the expression level of each highly expressed organ specific genes in normal, tumor tissue, disease tissue and tissue libraries associated with tumor or 30 disease.

Selection of the candidates demonstrating component ESTs were exclusively or more frequently found in tumor libraries.

- 16 -

CLASP allows the identification of highly expressed organ and cancer specific genes useful in the diagnosis of breast cancer.

**Table 1: BSGs Sequences**

5	SEQ ID NO:	LS Clone ID	LSA Gene ID
	1	2740238 (Mam002)	242151
	2	1730886 (Mam001)	238469
	3	yl55b03 (Mam005)	348845
	4	2613064 (Mam004)	27052
10	5	894184	221086
	6	2299454	27681
	7	2258254	248176
	8	789767	156580
	9	1213903	219737

15 The following example was carried out using standard techniques, which are well known and routine to those of skill in the art, except where otherwise described in detail. Routine molecular biology techniques of the following example can be carried out as described in standard laboratory  
 20 manuals, such as Sambrook et al., MOLECULAR CLONING: A LABORATORY MANUAL, 2nd Ed.; Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y. (1989).

#### **Example 2: Relative Quantitation of Gene Expression**

Real-time quantitative PCR with fluorescent Taqman  
 25 probes is a quantitative detection system utilizing the 5'-3' nuclease activity of Taq DNA polymerase. The method uses an internal fluorescent oligonucleotide probe (Taqman) labeled with a 5' reporter dye and a downstream, 3' quencher dye. During PCR, the 5'-3' nuclease activity of Taq DNA polymerase  
 30 releases the reporter, whose fluorescence can then be detected by the laser detector of the Model 7700 Sequence Detection System (PE Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA, USA).

- 17 -

Amplification of an endogenous control was used to standardize the amount of sample RNA added to the reaction and normalize for Reverse Transcriptase (RT) efficiency. Either cyclophilin, glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH) or 18S ribosomal RNA (rRNA) was used as this endogenous control. To calculate relative Quantitation between all the samples studied, the target RNA levels for one sample were used as the basis for comparative results (calibrator). Quantitation relative to the "calibrator" can be obtained using the standard curve method or the comparative method (User Bulletin #2: ABI PRISM 7700 Sequence Detection System). To evaluate the tissue distribution, and the level of breast specific markers (BSM) Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2), Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1), Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) and Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) in normal and cancer tissue, total RNA was extracted from cancer and matched normal adjacent tissues (NAT) and from unmatched cancer and normal tissues. Subsequently, first strand cDNA was prepared with reverse transcriptase and the polymerase chain reaction carried out using primers and Taqman probes specific to each of Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2), Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1), Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) and Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) respectively. The results are obtained using the ABI PRISM 7700 Sequence Detector. The numbers are relative levels of expression of Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2), Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1), Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) and Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) compared to their respective calibrators.

**Measurement of SEQ ID NO:2; Clone ID:1730886; Gene ID: 238469 (Mam001)**

The numbers depicted in Table 2 are relative levels of expression in 12 normal tissues of Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2) compared to testis (calibrator). These RNA samples were obtained commercially and were generated by pooling samples from a particular tissue from different individuals.

Table 2: Relative levels of Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2) Expression in Pooled Samples

Tissue	NORMAL
Brain	0
Heart	0
Kidney	0
Liver	0
Lung	0
Mammary	6
Prostate	0
Muscle	0
Small Intestine	0
Testis	1
Thymus	0
Uterus	0

The relative levels of expression in Table 2 show that Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2) mRNA expression is detected in the pool of normal mammary and in testis but not in the other 10 normal tissue pools analyzed. These results demonstrate that Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2) mRNA expression is highly specific for mammary tissue and is also found in testis. Expression in a male specific tissue is not relevant in detecting cancer in female specific tissues

The tissues shown in Table 2 are pooled samples from 25 different individuals. The tissues shown in Table 3 were obtained from individuals and are not pooled. Hence the values for mRNA expression levels shown in Table 2 cannot be directly compared to the values shown in Table 3.

The numbers depicted in Table 3 are relative levels of 30 expression of Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2) compared to testis (calibrator), in 24 pairs of matching samples. Each matching pair contains the cancer sample for a particular tissue and the normal adjacent tissue (NAT) sample for that same tissue from the same individual.

Table 3: Relative levels of Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2) Expression in Individual Samples

Sample ID	Tissue	Cancer	Matching Normal
Mam 47XP	Mammary Gland	0	0
Mam A06X	Mammary Gland	23	1
Mam B011X	Mammary Gland	0	5
Mam 603X/C034	Mammary Gland	0	2.10
Mam 162X	Mammary Gland	1.96	0.15
Mam 42DN	Mammary Gland	0.38	1.27
Mam S079	Mammary Gland	0.34	0.36
Mam S123	Mammary Gland	0.03	0.87
Mam S516	Mammary Gland	0.43	0.53
Mam S699	Mammary Gland	0.40	0.66
Mam S997	Mammary Gland	0.41	0.51
Sto AC44	Stomach	0	0
TST 39X	Testis	0	0
Cln SG45	Colon	0	0
Cln TX01	Colon	0	0
Cvx NK23	Cervix	0	0
Cvx NK24	Cervix	0	0
Endo 3AX	Endometrium	0	0
Endo 4XA	Endometrium	0	0
Endo 5XA	Endometrium	0	0
Kid 11XD	Kidney	0	0
Kid 5XD	Kidney	0	0
Lng C20X	Lung	0	0
Lng SQ56	Lung	0	0

Among 48 samples in Table 3 representing 8 different tissues expression is seen only in mammary tissues. These results confirm the tissue specificity results obtained with



- 20 -

normal samples shown in Table 2. Table 2 and Table 3 represent a combined total of 60 samples in 16 human tissue types. Thirty-six samples representing 14 different tissue types excluding breast and testis had no detected Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2) mRNA (Table 2 and 3). Other than breast tissue, Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2) is detected only in one other tissue type (Testis) and then only in the pooled tissue sample (Table 2) but not in the matched testis cancer samples (Table 3).

Comparisons of the level of mRNA expression in breast cancer samples and the normal adjacent tissue from the same individuals are shown in Table 3. Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2) is expressed at higher levels in 2 of 11 breast cancer tissues (Mam A06X and Mam 162X) compared with the corresponding normal adjacent tissue. The level of Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2) expression is lower in breast cancer compared to normal adjacent tissue in four matched samples (Mam B011X, Mam 603X/CO34, Mam 42DN and Mam S123). No expression was detected in one set of matched samples (Mam 47XP). Equivalent levels or very similar levels of expression were detected in four other matched samples (Mam S079, Mam S516, Mam S699 and Mam S997). However increasing cancer mass might in these cases result in an overall increase in the total amount of expression.

The high level of tissue specificity and increased or equivalent expression in 6 of 11 individuals is demonstrative of Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2) being a diagnostic marker for detection of mammary cancer cells using mRNA.

**Measurement of SEQ ID NO:1; Clone ID: 2740238; Gene ID 242151 (Mam002)**

The numbers depicted in Table 5 are relative levels of expression in 12 normal tissues of Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1) compared to Thymus (calibrator). These RNA samples were obtained commercially and were generated by pooling samples from a particular tissue from different individuals.

Table 4: Relative levels of Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1) Expression in Pooled Samples

Tissue	NORMAL
Brain	0.03
Heart	0.01
Kidney	0
Liver	0
Lung	0.06
Mammary	289.01
Muscle	0
Prostate	0.31
Small Int.	0
Testis	0.08
Thymus	1.00
Uterus	0

The relative levels of expression in Table 4 show that Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1) mRNA expression is detected at a high level in the pool of normal mammary but at very low levels in the other 11 normal tissue pools analyzed. These results demonstrate that Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1) mRNA expression is highly specific for mammary tissue.

The tissues shown in Table 4 are pooled samples from different individuals. The tissues shown in Table 5 were obtained from individuals and are not pooled. Hence the values for mRNA expression levels shown in Table 4 cannot be directly compared to the values shown in Table 5.

The numbers depicted in Table 5 are relative levels of expression of Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1) compared to thymus (calibrator) in 27 pairs of matching samples. Each matching pair contains the cancer sample for a particular tissue and the normal adjacent tissue (NAT) sample for that same tissue from the same individual. In addition 2 unmatched mammary samples from normal tissues and one unmatched ovarian cancer and one normal (non-cancerous) ovary were also tested.

Table 5: Relative levels of Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1) Expression in Individual Samples

	Sample ID	Tissue	Cancer	Matching	Normal
	Mam 12X	Mammary Gland	7.2	69	
5	Mam 42DN	Mammary Gland	1051	2075	
	Mam 59X	Mammary Gland	7.0	15.5	
	Mam A06X	Mammary Gland	1655	1781	
	Mam B011X	Mammary Gland	32.1	2311	
	Mam S127	Mammary Gland	1.73	0	
10	Mam S516	Mammary Gland	9.72	69.95	
	Mam S699	Mammary Gland	83.46	75.65	
	Mam S854	Mammary Gland	133.23	836.56	
	Mam S967	Mammary Gland	59.77	188.28	
	Mam S997	Mammary Gland	94.14	73.64	
15	Mam 162X	Mammary Gland	674.0	31.1	
	Mam C012	Mammary Gland	N/A	N/A	11379.3
	Mam C034	Mammary Gland	N/A	N/A	3502.6
	Mam S079	Mammary Gland	11772.5	903.5	
	Mam S123	Mammary Gland	3.4	170.5	
20	Ovr 103X	Ovary	0	0	
	Ovr 1118	Ovary	0.13	N/A	

5	Ovr 35GA	Ovary	N/A	N/A	0.13
	Utr 23XU	Uterus	5.6	0	
	Utr 135XO	Uterus	0	0	
	Cvx NK24	Cervix	0.9	1.4	
	End 4XA	Endometrium	32.2	0	
10	Cln AS43	Colon	2.3	0	
	Cln AS45	Colon	0	0	
	Cln RC01	Colon	0.2	0	
	Lng AC90	Lung	0	2.0	
	Lng LC109	Lung	0	0.6	
	Lng SC32	Lung	0.8	0	
	Sto AC93	Stomach	0	0	
	Tst 39X	Testis	1.97	0	

Among 58 samples in Table 5 representing 9 different  
 15 tissues, the highest expression is seen in mammary tissues.  
 Amongst the non-breast tissues which show expression, only one  
 sample (End 4XA) has expression comparable to that seen in the  
 majority of the breast samples tested. This sample is  
 endometrial tissue, which is a female specific tissue. These  
 20 results confirm the tissue specificity results obtained with  
 normal samples shown in Table 4. Table 4 and Table 5  
 represent a combined total of 70 samples in 17 human tissue  
 types. Twenty-two samples representing 11 different tissue  
 types excluding breast had no detected Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1)  
 25 mRNA (Table 4 and Table 5).

Comparisons of the level of mRNA expression in breast  
 cancer samples and the normal adjacent tissue from the same  
 individuals are shown in Table 5. Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1) is  
 expressed at higher levels in 3 of 13 matched breast cancer  
 30 tissues (Samples Mam S127, Mam 162X and Mam S079) compared  
 with the corresponding normal adjacent tissue. The level of  
 Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1) expression is lower in breast cancer

- 24 -

compared to normal adjacent tissue in eight individuals (Mam 12X, Mam 42DN, Mam 59X, Mam B011X, Mam S516, Mam S854, Mam S967, and Mam S123). Equivalent levels or very similar levels of expression were detected in three other matched samples  
5 (Samples Mam A06X, Mam S699 and Mam S997).

The high level of tissue specificity is demonstrative of Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1) being a diagnostic marker for detection of mammary cancer cells using mRNA. Breast tissue is the only significant source of this gene's expression so  
10 far detected. Eight of 13 matched samples have lower levels of expression in cancer than normal adjacent tissue. Thus, decreased expression of this gene appears to be diagnostic of cancer presence.

Measurement of SEQ ID NO:4; Clone ID: 2613064; Gene ID: 27052  
15 (Mam004)

The numbers depicted in Table 6 are relative levels of expression in 12 normal tissues of Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) compared to mammary (calibrator). These RNA samples were obtained commercially and were generated by pooling samples  
20 from a particular tissue from different individuals.

Table 6: Relative levels of Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) Expression in Pooled Samples

Tissue	NORMAL
Brain	0.059
Heart	0.131
Kidney	0.018
Liver	0
Lung	0.478
Mammary	1.000
Prostate	0.459
Muscle	0.003
Small Intestine	0.048
Testis	0.130
Thymus	0.030
Uterus	0.071

The relative levels of expression in Table 6 show that Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) mRNA expression is detected in the pool of

normal mammary and also in other tissues including lung, prostate, testis and heart. These results demonstrate that although more highly expressed in normal breast tissue Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) mRNA expression is not specific for  
5 mammary gland.

The tissues shown in Table 6 are pooled samples from different individuals. The tissues shown in Table 7 were obtained from individuals and are not pooled. Hence the values for mRNA expression levels shown in Table 6 cannot be  
10 directly compared to the values shown in Table 7.

The numbers depicted in Table 7 are relative levels of expression of Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) compared to mammary (calibrator), in 23 pairs of matching samples. Each matching pair contains the cancer sample for a particular tissue and  
15 the normal adjacent tissue (NAT) sample for that same tissue from the same individual.

**Table 7: Relative levels of Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) Expression in Individual Samples**

Sample ID	Tissue	Cancer	Matching
Mam 12B	Mammary Gland	0	0
Mam 12X	Mammary Gland	13.454	0
Mam 603X	Mammary Gland	30.484	0
Mam 59X	Mammary Gland	1.306	0
Mam 162X	Mammary Gland	0.71	0.04
Mam 42DN	Mammary Gland	0.25	2.17
Mam S079	Mammary Gland	42.18	0.47
Mam S123	Mammary Gland	0.01	0
Mam S516	Mammary Gland	1.17	0.41
Mam S699	Mammary Gland	0.11	0.55
Mam S997	Mammary Gland	10.43	1.29
Sto AC44	Stomach	0.61	0

- 26 -

5	Cln SG45	Colon	0.04	0
	Cln TX01	Colon	0	0
	Cvx NK23	Cervix	0	0
	Cvx NK24	Cervix	0	0
	Endo 3AX	Endometrium	0	0
10	Endo 4XA	Endometrium	0	0
	Endo 5XA	Endometrium	0	2.73
	Kid 11XD	Kidney	0	0
	Kid 5XD	Kidney	0	2.63
	Lng C20X	Lung	0	0
	Lng SQ56	Lung	10.37	0

Among 46 samples in Table 7 representing 7 different tissues expression is highest in breast tissues particularly cancers. Expression comparable to that seen in breast samples is also seen in 1 of 4 lung samples (Sample 23), 1 of 4 kidney samples (Sample 21) and 1 of 6 endometrial samples (Sample 19). Table 6 and Table 7 represent a combined total of 58 samples in 16 human tissue types. Twenty samples representing 7 different tissue types excluding breast had no detected Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) mRNA (Table 6 and Table 7).

Comparisons of the level of mRNA expression in breast cancer samples and the normal adjacent tissue from the same individuals are shown in Table 7. Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) is expressed at higher levels in 8 of 11 breast cancer tissues (Mam 12X, Mam 603X, Mam 59X, Mam 162X, Mam S079, Mam S123, Mam S516 and Mam S997) compared with the corresponding normal adjacent tissue. The level of Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) expression is lower in breast cancer compared to normal adjacent tissue in two matched samples (Mam 42DN and Mam S699). No expression was detected in one matched sample (Mam 12B).

Elevated expression in the majority of matched cancer samples compared to normal adjacent tissue is indicative of

Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) being a diagnostic marker for detection of mammary cancer cells using mRNA.

Measurement of SEQ ID NO:3; Clone ID:y155b03; Gene ID: 348845 (Mam005)

5       The numbers depicted in Table 8 are relative levels of expression in 12 normal tissues of Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) compared to testis (calibrator). These RNA samples were obtained commercially and were generated by pooling samples from a particular tissue from different individuals.

10   **Table 8:   Relative levels of Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) Expression in Pooled Samples**

Tissue	NORMAL
Brain	0
Heart	0.0002
15   Kidney	0.0001
Liver	0
Lung	0
Mammary	5.4076
Muscle	0
20   Prostate	0
Small Intestine	0
Testis	1
Thymus	0
Uterus	0

25   The relative levels of expression in Table 8 show that Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) mRNA expression is detected in the pool of normal mammary and in testis but is not present at significant levels in the other 10 normal tissue pools analyzed. These results demonstrate that Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) mRNA expression  
30   is highly specific for mammary tissue and is also found in testis. Expression in a male specific tissue is not relevant in detecting cancer in female specific tissues.

      The tissues shown in Table 8 are pooled samples from different individuals. The tissues shown in Table 9 were  
35   obtained from individuals and are not pooled. Hence the values for mRNA expression levels shown in Table 8 cannot be directly compared to the values shown in Table 9.



The numbers depicted in Table 9 are relative levels of expression of Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) compared to testis (calibrator), in 46 pairs of matching samples. Each matching pair contains the cancer sample for a particular tissue and the normal adjacent tissue sample for that same tissue from the same individual. In addition 2 unmatched mammary samples from normal tissues and one unmatched ovarian cancer and one normal (non-cancerous) ovary were also tested.

**Table 9: Relative levels of Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) Expression in Individual Samples**

Sample ID	Tissue	Cancer	Matching	Normal
Mam 12X	Mammary Gland	0.33	0.71	
Mam 42DN	Mammary Gland	0.22	0.63	
Mam 59X	Mammary Gland	0.03	0.23	
Mam A06X	Mammary Gland	70.77	0.56	
Mam B011X	Mammary Gland	0.03	1.52	
Mam 162X	Mammary Gland	0.43	0.09	
Mam C012	Mammary Gland	N/A	N/A	1.6
Mam C034	Mammary Gland	N/A	N/A	2.9
Mam S079	Mammary Gland	0.22	0.13	
Mam S123	Mammary Gland	0.01	0.23	
Mam S127	Mammary Gland	0	0.28	
Mam S516	Mammary Gland	0.15	0.05	

5	Mam S699	Mammary Gland	0.21	0.42	
	Mam S854	Mammary Gland	1.12	0.54	
	Mam S967	Mammary Gland	30.61	0.54	
	Mam S997	Mammary Gland	0.40	0.22	
	Mam 14DN	Mammary Gland	0.07	0	
10	Mam 699F	Mammary Gland	0.01	0.09	
	Mam S621	Mammary Gland	1.82	0	
	Mam S918	Mammary Gland	6.89	1.06	
	Cln CM67	Colon	0	0	
	Cln DC19	Colon	0	0	
15	Cln AS43	Colon	0	0	
	Cln AS45	Colon	0	0	
	Cln RC01	Colon	0.0012	0.0003	
	Lng AC90	Lung	0	0	
	Lng LC109	Lung	0	0	
20	Lng SQ32	Lung	0	0	
	Lng SQ43	Lung	0	0	
	Ovr 103X	Ovary	0	0	
	Ovr 1118	Ovary	0	N/A	
	Ovr A084	Ovary	0	0	
25	Ovr G021	Ovary	0	0	
	Ovr 35GA	Ovary	N/A	N/A	0
	Cvx NK23	Cervix	0	0	
	Cvx NK24	Cervix	0	0	
	Endo 3AX	Endometriu m	0	0	

- 30 -

5	Endo 4XA	Endometriu m	0	0	
	Sto 758S	Stomach	0	0	
	Sto AC44	Stomach	0	0	
	Sto AC93	Stomach	0	0	
	Tst 39X	Testis	0.01	0.01	
10	Utr 85XU	Uterus	0	0	
	Utr 135XO	Uterus	0	0	
	Utr 23XU	Uterus	0	0	
	Kid 124D	Kidney	0	0	
	Lvr 15XA	Liver	0	0	
	Pan CO44	Pancreas	0	0	
	Skn 448S	Skin	0	0	
	SmInt 21XA	Small Intestines	0	0	

Among 96 samples in Table 9 representing 14 different tissues  
 15 significant expression is seen only in breast tissues. These  
 results confirm the tissue specificity results obtained with  
 normal samples shown in Table 8. Table 8 and Table 9  
 represent a combined total of 108 samples in 18 human tissue  
 types. Sixty-seven samples representing 16 different tissue  
 20 types excluding breast and testis had either no or very low  
 levels of detected Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) mRNA (Table 8 and  
 Table 9).

Comparisons of the level of mRNA expression in breast  
 cancer samples and the normal adjacent tissue from the same  
 25 individuals are shown in Table 9. Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) is  
 expressed at higher levels in 10 of 18 cancer and normal  
 adjacent tissue samples (Mam A06X, Mam 162X, Mam S079, Mam  
 S516, Mam S854, Mam S967, Mam S997, Mam 14DN, Mam S621, and  
 Mam S918) compared with the corresponding normal adjacent  
 30 tissue. The level of Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) expression is lower  
 in breast cancer compared to normal adjacent tissue in eight

- 31 -

cancer and normal adjacent tissue samples (Mam 12X, Mam 42DN, Mam 59X, Mam B011X, Mam S123, Mam S127, Mam S699 and Mam 699F). No expression was detected in two matching samples.

The high level of tissue specificity and overexpression  
5 in 10 of 18 matched cancer and normal adjacent tissue samples  
is indicative of Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3) being a diagnostic  
marker for detection of mammary cancer cells using mRNA.

0075037-000504

What is claimed is:

1. A method for diagnosing the presence of breast cancer in a patient comprising:

(a) measuring levels of BSG in cells, tissues or bodily fluids in said patient; and

(b) comparing measured levels of BSG with levels of BSG in cells, tissues or bodily fluids from a normal human control, wherein a change in measured levels of BSG in the patient versus normal human control is associated with the presence of breast cancer.

2. A method of diagnosing metastatic breast cancer in a patient having breast cancer comprising:

(a) identifying a patient having breast cancer that is not known to have metastasized;

(b) measuring levels of BSG in a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from said patient; and

(c) comparing the measured BSG levels with levels of BSG in cells, tissue, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control, wherein a change in measured BSG levels in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with a cancer which has metastasized.

3. A method of staging breast cancer in a patient comprising:

(a) identifying a patient having breast cancer;

(b) measuring levels of BSG in a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from said patient for BSG; and

(c) comparing measured BSG levels with levels of BSG in cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control sample, wherein a change in measured BSG levels in said patient versus the normal human control is associated with a cancer which is progressing or regressing or in remission.

- 33 -

4. A method of monitoring breast cancer in a patient having breast cancer for the onset of metastasis comprising:

(a) identifying a patient having breast cancer that is not known to have metastasized;

5 (b) periodically measuring BSG levels in a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from said patient; and

(c) comparing the measured BSG levels with levels of BSG in cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control, wherein a change in BSG levels in the patient versus  
10 the normal human control is associated with a cancer which has metastasized.

5. A method of monitoring the change in stage of breast cancer in a patient having breast cancer comprising:

(a) identifying a patient having breast cancer;

15 (b) periodically measuring BSG levels in a sample of cells, tissues, or bodily fluid from said patient; and

(c) comparing the measured BSG levels with levels of BSG in cells, tissues, or bodily fluid type of a normal human control, wherein a change in measured BSG levels in the  
20 patient versus the normal human control is associated with a cancer which is progressing in stage, which is regressing in stage, or in remission.

6. The method of claim 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 wherein the change associated with the presence, metastasis or progression  
25 of breast cancer in said patient is an increase in measured BSG levels in the patient and the BSG comprises Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2), Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) or Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3).

7. The method of claim 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 wherein the change associated with the presence, metastasis or progression  
30 of breast cancer in said patient is a decrease in measured BSG levels in the patient and the BSG comprises Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1).

- 34 -

8. The method of claim 3 or 5 wherein the change associated with the regression or remission of breast cancer in said patient is a decrease in measured BSG levels in the patient and the BSG comprises Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2), Mam004  
5 (SEQ ID NO:4) or Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3).

9. The method of claim 3 or 5 wherein the change associated with the regression or remission of breast cancer in said patient is an increase in measured BSG levels in the patient and the BSG comprises Mam002 (SEQ ID NO:1).

10 10. An antibody against a BSG wherein said BSG comprises Mam001 (SEQ ID NO:2), Mam004 (SEQ ID NO:4) or Mam005 (SEQ ID NO:3).

11. A method of imaging breast cancer in a patient comprising administering to the patient an antibody of claim  
15 10.

12. The method of claim 11 wherein said antibody is labeled with paramagnetic ions or a radioisotope.

13. A method of treating breast cancer in a patient comprising administering to the patient an antibody of claim  
20 10.

14. The method of claim 13 wherein the antibody is conjugated to a cytotoxic agent.

PCT

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INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification <sup>6</sup> : <b>C12Q 1/68, C12P 19/34, C07H 21/04, A61K 16/00, G01N 33/53</b>		<b>A1</b>	(11) International Publication Number: <b>WO 00/08210</b>
			(43) International Publication Date: 17 February 2000 (17.02.00)
(21) International Application Number: <b>PCT/US99/16811</b>		(74) Agents: <b>LICATA, Jane, Massey et al.; Law Offices of Jane Massey Licata, 66 E. Main Street, Marlton, NJ 08053 (US).</b>	
(22) International Filing Date: <b>22 July 1999 (22.07.99)</b>			
(30) Priority Data: 60/095,232 4 August 1998 (04.08.98) <b>US</b>		(81) Designated States: <b>CA, JP, US, European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE).</b>	
(63) Related by Continuation (CON) or Continuation-in-Part (CIP) to Earlier Application <b>US 60/095,232 (CIP)</b> Filed on <b>4 August 1998 (04.08.98)</b>		Published <i>With international search report.</i>	
(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): <b>DIADEXUS LLC [US/US]; 3303 Octavius Drive, Santa Clara, CA 95054 (US).</b>			
(72) Inventors; and (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): <b>SUN, Yongming [CN/US]; Apartment 260, 869 S. Winchester Boulevard, San Jose, CA 95128 (US). RECIPON, Herve [FR/US]; 85 Fortuna Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94115 (US). CAFFERKEY, Robert [IE/US]; Apartment 218, 350 Elan Village Lane, San Jose, CA 95134 (US).</b>			
(54) Title: <b>A NOVEL METHOD OF DIAGNOSING, MONITORING, STAGING, IMAGING AND TREATING BREAST CANCER</b>			
(57) Abstract  The present invention provides a new method for detecting, diagnosing, monitoring, staging, prognosticating, imaging and treating breast cancer.			



Docket No.  
DEX-0154

#5

# Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

## English Language Declaration

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

**A Novel Method of Diagnosing, Monitoring, Staging, Imaging and Treating Breast Cancer**

the specification of which

(check one)

☐ is attached hereto.

☒ was filed on July 22, 1999 as United States Application No. or PCT International

Application Number PCT/US99/16811

and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_

(if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(a)-(d) or Section 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or Section 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application(s)

Priority Not Claimed

_____ (Number)	_____ (Country)	_____ (Day/Month/Year Filed)	<input type="checkbox"/>
_____ (Number)	_____ (Country)	_____ (Day/Month/Year Filed)	<input type="checkbox"/>
_____ (Number)	_____ (Country)	_____ (Day/Month/Year Filed)	<input type="checkbox"/>

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

60/095,232

August 4, 1998

(Application Serial No.)

(Filing Date)

(Application Serial No.)

(Filing Date)

(Application Serial No.)

(Filing Date)

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U. S. C. Section 120 of any United States application(s), or Section 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, C. F. R., Section 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No.)

(Filing Date)

(Status)  
(patented, pending, abandoned)

(Application Serial No.)

(Filing Date)

(Status)  
(patented, pending, abandoned)

(Application Serial No.)

(Filing Date)

(Status)  
(patented, pending, abandoned)


I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.


POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. (list name and registration number)



Send Correspondence to: **Jane Massey Licata or Kathleen A. Tyrrell**  
**Licata & Tyrrell P.C.**  
**66 E. Main Street**  
**Marlton, New Jersey 08053**

Direct Telephone Calls to: (name and telephone number)  
**Jane Massey Licata or Kathleen A. Tyrrell - (856) 810-1515**

Full name of sole or first inventor <b>Yongming Sun</b>	
Sole or first inventor's signature 	Date <b>7-20-2001</b>
Residence <b>San Jose, California</b> <b>CA</b>	
Citizenship <b>China</b>	
Post Office Address <b>869 S. Winchester Boulevard, Apartment 260</b>	
<b>San Jose, California 95128</b>	

Full name of second inventor, if any <b>Herve Recipon</b>	
Second inventor's signature 	Date <b>7-23-01</b>
Residence <b>San Francisco, California</b> <b>CA</b>	
Citizenship <b>France</b>	
Post Office Address <b>85 Fortuna Avenue</b>	
<b>San Francisco, California 94115</b>	

Full name of third inventor, if any

**Robert Cafferkey**

Third inventor's signature

Date

Residence

**San Jose, California**

Citizenship

**Ireland**

Post Office Address

**350 Elan Village Lane, Apartment 218****San Jose, California 95134**

Full name of fourth inventor, if any

Fourth inventor's signature

Date

Residence

Citizenship

Post Office Address

Full name of fifth inventor, if any

Fifth inventor's signature

Date

Residence

Citizenship

Post Office Address

Full name of sixth inventor, if any

Sixth inventor's signature

Date

Residence

Citizenship

Post Office Address

VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS (37 CFR 1.9(f) AND 1.27 (c)) - SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN			Docket No. DEX-0154
Serial No. Not Yet Assigned	Filing Date Herewith	Patent No.	Issue Date
Applicant/ SUN, Yongming et al. Patentee:			
Invention: A Novel Method of Diagnosing, Monitoring, Staging, Imaging and Treating Breast Cancer			
<p>I hereby declare that I am:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> the owner of the small business concern identified below:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below:</p> <p>NAME OF CONCERN: <u>diaDexus, Inc.</u></p> <p>ADDRESS OF CONCERN: <u>3303 Octavius Drive, Santa Clara, California 95054</u></p> <p>I hereby declare that the above-identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 13 CFR 121.3-18, and reproduced in 37 CFR 1.9(d), for purposes of paying reduced fees under Section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code, in that the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both.</p> <p>I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the above identified invention described in:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> the specification filed herewith with title as listed above.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> the application identified above.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> the patent identified above.</p> <p>If the rights held by the above-identified small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern or organization having rights to the invention is listed on the next page and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than the inventor, who could not qualify as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(c) or by any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).</p>			

Each person, concern or organization to which I have assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed or am under an obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license any rights in the invention is listed below:

- ☒ no such person, concern or organization exists.  
☐ each such person, concern or organization is listed below.

FULL NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

FULL NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

FULL NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

FULL NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27)

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b))

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING: Mohan Iyer

TITLE OF PERSON SIGNING

OTHER THAN OWNER: Vice President, Business Development

ADDRESS OF PERSON SIGNING: diaDexus, Inc.  
3303 Octavius Drive  
Santa Clara, California 95054

SIGNATURE:

Mohan Iyer

DATE:

1/29/01